



Carefully managing risk as we scale



Trent Victor, PhD

Director of Safety Research and Best Practices

Our safety philosophy

Reduce traffic injuries and fatalities by driving safely and responsibly and carefully manage risk as we scale our operations.





erience Du d Xe

Tens of millions

miles on public roads

Tens of billions

miles in simulation

25+ cities

across the USA



01

1+ million

passenger trips without a human behind the wheel

02

24/7

across multiple cities

03

SF & PHX

tens of thousands of rides per week in each

04

LA & ATX

emerging rider-only territories 10+ million

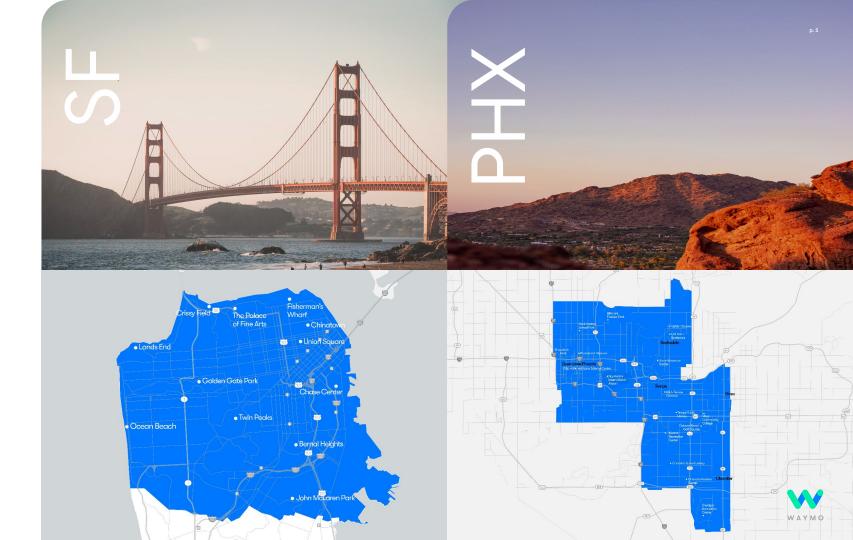
rider-only miles

05

Snapshot: Waymo's operations today



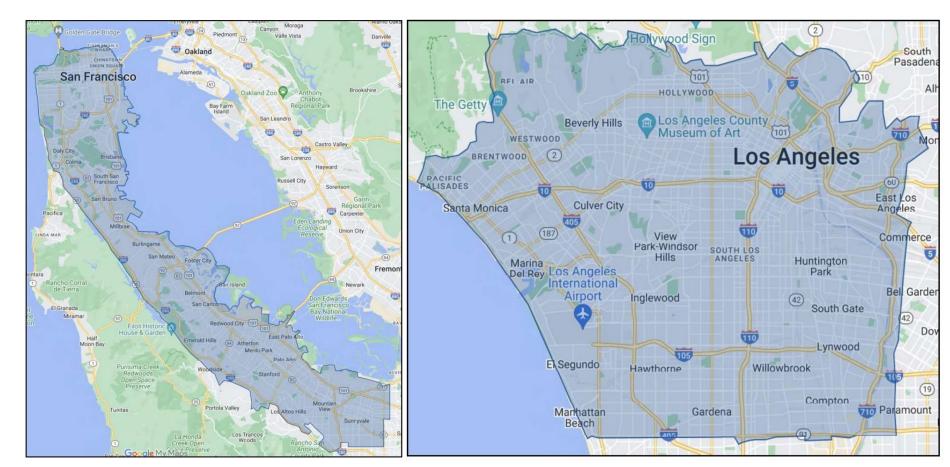
Commercial service in

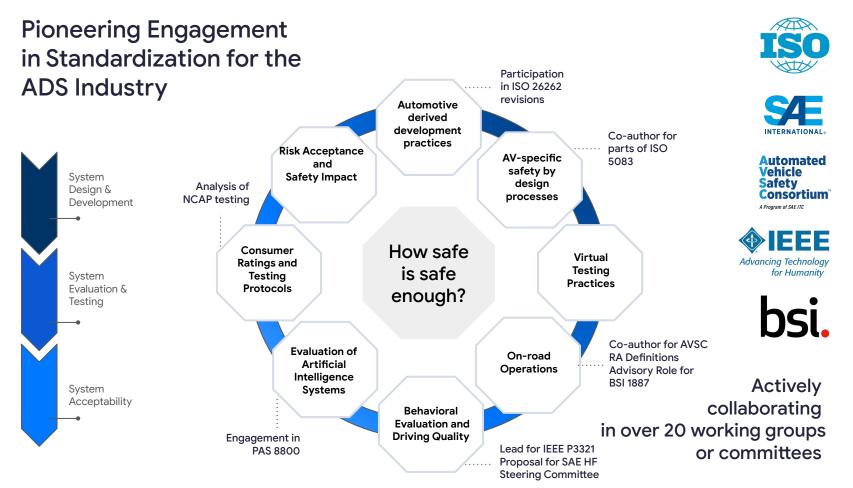






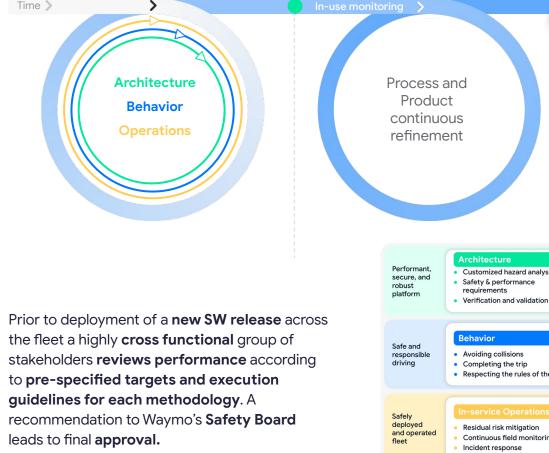
Territories approved by the recent CPUC permit



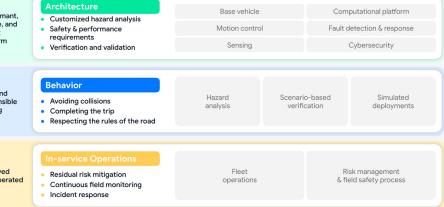


WAYMO

Pre-Deployment Readiness Review



Waymo's Safety Determination Lifecycle

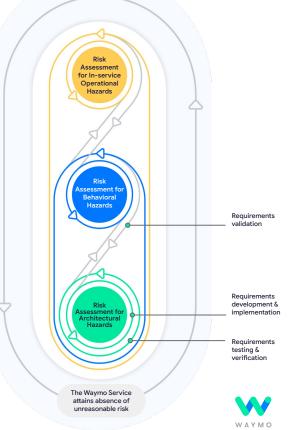


Continuous validation: In-use monitoring & confidence build-up

Waymo's Approach to a Safety Case



Waymo's approach to safety relies on multiple complementary methods that examine both aggregate-level and event-level performance of our Automated Driving System



Acceptance Criteria Enabling Event-Level Reasoning

Included

Not Included

An appropriate balance coming from the inclusion of both event level and aggregate level indicators helps ensure that the risks for a given scenario category are being captured. It also enables the evaluation of single undesirable behaviors that a developer needs to consider to show that residual risk is as low as reasonably possible.

An argumentation based only on aggregate criteria may not capture some risk posed by the ADS in individual scenarios/situations. Furthermore, confidence in aggregate rates pre-deployment is constrained by the available data collected during testing.

There are infinitely many operational scenarios that an ADS will be exposed to. Establishing a safety argument only on event-level instances precludes the holistic assessment of residual risk. Furthermore, aggregate-level criteria can provide validation for those trends observed from event-level indicators.



No argumentation possible in the absence of acceptance criteria, since Absence of Unreasonable Risk is a necessary goal for ADS deployment

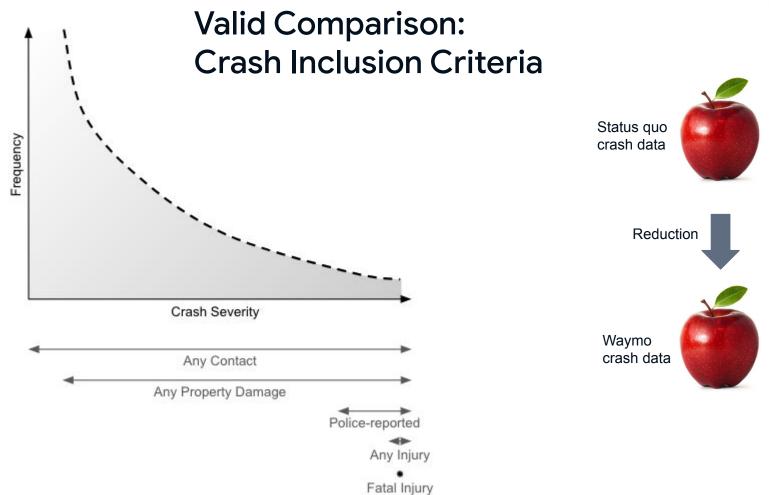


Acceptance Criteria Enabling

Included

Aggregate-level





WAYMO

The Waymo Driver considerably outperforms human benchmarks (all collisions)

Waymo % Change

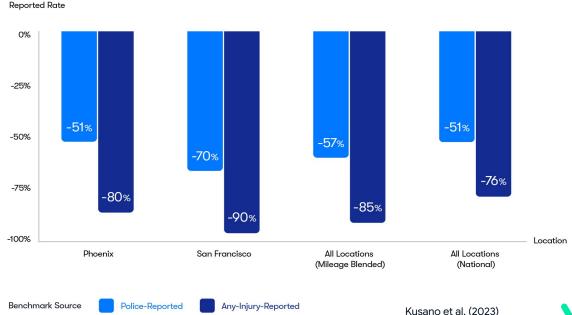
for Police / Injury-

Considering all location together:

85% reduction in injurycausing crash rates

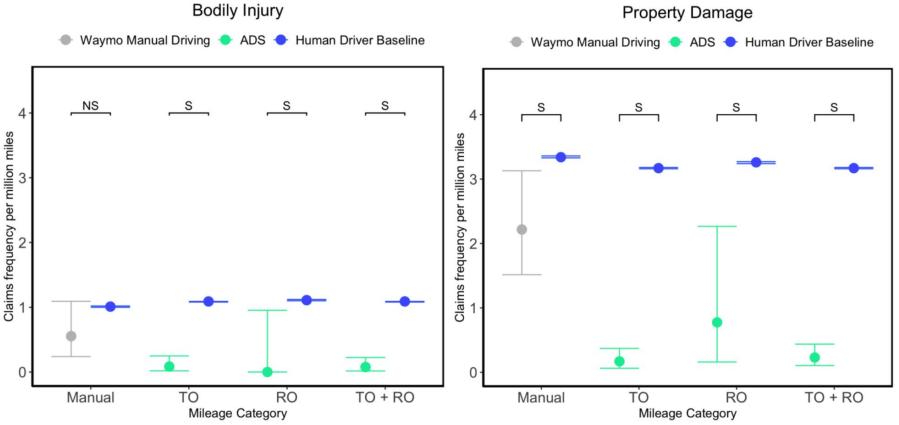
57%

reduction in police-reported crash rates





Insurance Data (Waymo contribution to crashes)



Di Lillo, L., Gode, T., Zhou, X., Atzei, M., Chen, R., Victor, T. (2023). Comparative Safety Performance of Autonomous- and Human Drivers: A Real-World Case Study of the Waymo One Service. ArXiV

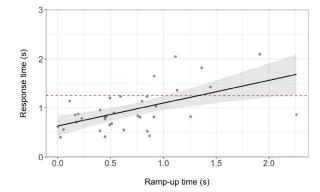
WAYMO

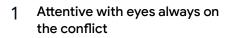
Event-level



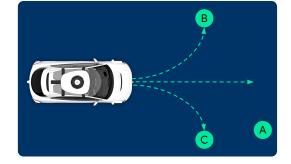
The Non-impaired Eyes ON Model (NIEON) Driver







2 Model fit response response time using eyes-on-road, non-impaired naturalistic driving data*

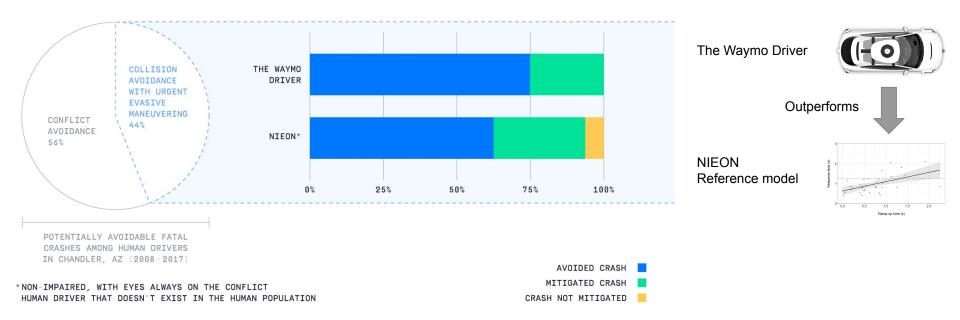


- 3 Three chances given (best outcome selected):
 - A. Brake only
 - B. Brake + steer left
 - C. Brake + steer right



Event-level comparison with Safety Reference Models

The Waymo Driver's collision avoidance performance in simulated tests



Scanlon, J.M., Kusano, K.D., Engström, J., Victor, T. 2022. Collision Avoidance Effectiveness of an Automated Driving System Using a Human Driver Behavior Reference Model in Reconstructed Fatal Collisions. Available at https://waymo.com/safety/

The realization of expected driving behaviors that position the ADS as a good citizen of the road. Drivership is an approach serving as both a guide for internal development and a rubric against which to understand and evaluate performance.

Drivership-





Closing Remarks