

<b>Source:</b>	CITS EG-ComAD WG2 Chair and Vice-Chair
<b>Title:</b>	CITS EG-ComAD WG2 - Vehicular communications for advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs
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<b>DOC #</b>	DOC 021

# Future Networked Car Symposium FNC 2025 session 4

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Expert Group on Communications Technology for  
Automated Driving



## Presentation plan

1. WG2 Genesis and scope
2. Workplan and boundaries
3. Road safety/safe system (high level to showcase how safe vehicle and safe infrastructure are important)
4. International road safety (global worldview to show case VRU importance)
5. Accidentology : different viewpoints & Stake holders:  
Automotive view/ Motorbike  
industry/Cyclists/Communication
6. Scenarios/use cases
7. Future deliverables



## ➤ WG2 Genesis & Scope

The U.S. NHTSA has announced extended regulation for advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs. It will implement the new Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard that will make extended requirements for automatic emergency braking (AEB), including pedestrian AEB, standard on all passenger cars and light trucks by September 2029. This safety standard is expected to significantly reduce rear-end and pedestrian crashes.

The new standard, FMVSS No 127, requires that “all cars be able to stop and avoid contact with a vehicle in front of them up to 62 mph and that the systems must detect pedestrians in both daylight and darkness. In addition, the standard requires that the system apply the brakes automatically up to 90 mph when a collision with a lead vehicle is imminent, and up to 45 mph when a pedestrian is detected”.

The initial implementation of “Vehicular communications for advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs” is expected to be for all U.S. light vehicles (gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less).

As this is the first regulation with such requirements, it likely to set a bar for the AEB worldwide. WG2 will study if vehicular communications will assist in meeting this AEB requirement.



## ➤ Workplan and boundaries of WG2:

- Collect and organize relevant accident situations from the field in which vehicular communications will allow for efficient, up to long-range and high-speed advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs;
- Define the most relevant accident scenarios in which vehicular communications;
- Define which requirements for vehicles to benefit from vehicle communications included with AEB, safely, and with the required reliability up to high-speed situations;
- Build a consolidated functional safety perspective for vehicular communications for advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs across major vehicle manufacturers;
- Collect large, complex examples of the high-speed AEB environment in all major jurisdictions as well as appropriate other jurisdictions;
- Identify the level of failure that authorities in different jurisdictions might be able to accept.

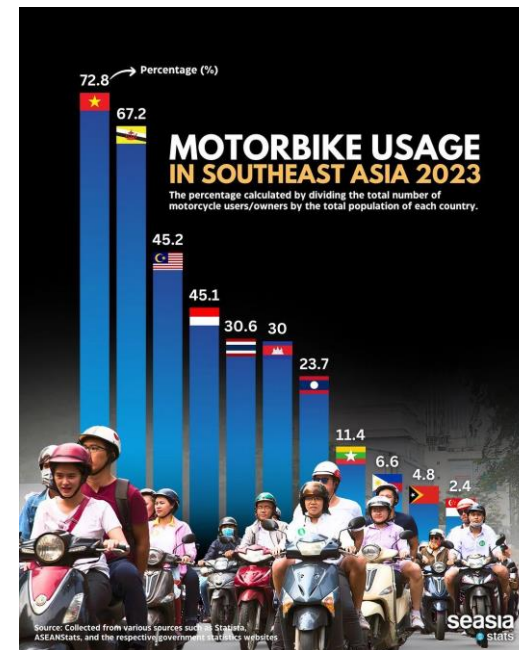
Work on requirements for vehicular communications for advanced emergency braking, including to protect VRUs identified by other groups will be included.



➤ Workplan and boundaries of WG2:

➤ Some key principles

- When working on use cases across the world, consider the specificity of the countries/the traffic complexity and segregation, aka the **local road grammar**
- Keep in mind the **Human Factor**
- Consider **all actors** involved and their needs, dynamic and inertia (e.g. Pedestrian, low speed, low inertia/pedal bikes medium speed, higher inertia, minimum viable speed, etc.)



- **WG2, established under the CITS EG-ComAD, had its inaugural meeting on 20 September 2024.**
  - Chair: Stéphane Buffat (Renault Group)
  - Vice-Chair: Zengwen Li (Changhan University)

### Achievements of WG2(until now):

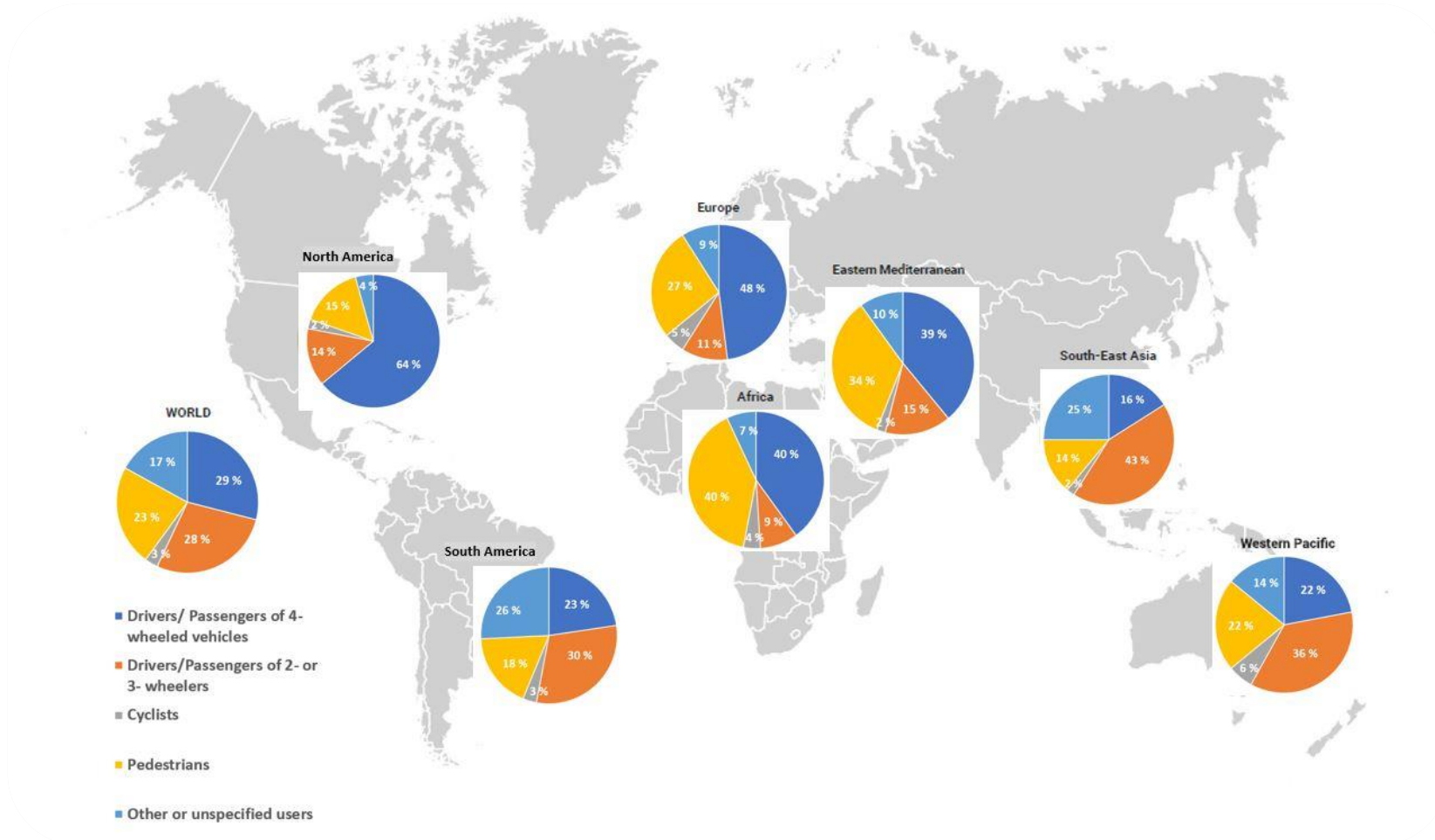
- **Defining Application Requirements and Needs:**
  - Discussing the importance of focussing on relevant scenarios according to accidentology data
  - A drafting group dedicated to this task is being created
- **List of Possible VRUs Scenarios:**
  - Reviewing accidentology data and driving rules, considering various jurisdictions to refine lane merging use cases
- **Focus on Functional Safety perspective(FuSa):**
  - Examining trustworthiness, interworking of V2X messages, vehicle sensors, etc.
- **Leveraging existing work and incorporating them as inputs:**
  - Presentations made or scheduled from experts on various countries, including two-wheeler perspective, aiming to enhance the collaborative expertise, and maintaining a list of relevant previous compliant publications
- **Upcoming activities:**
  - Alignment on underlying principles of safety concepts
  - Creation of a draft technical report





➤ International road safety (global worldview to show case VRU importance)

### Killed by category of road user



Source: WHO

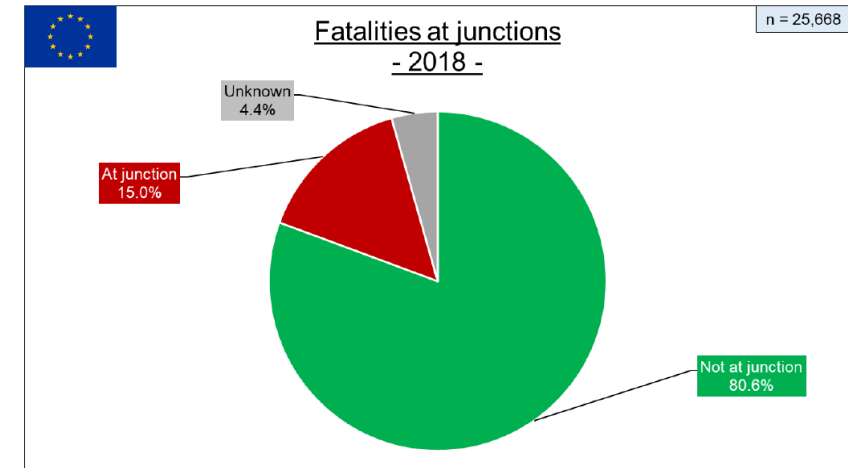
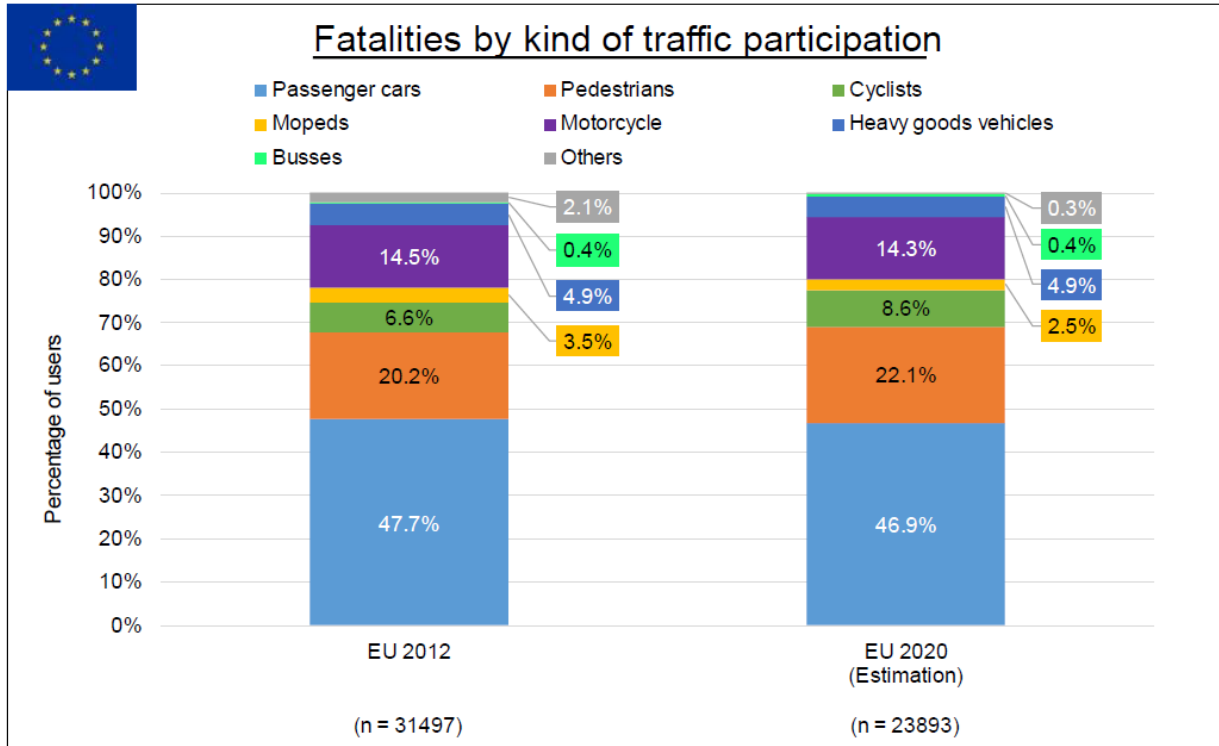


Source: internet





## ➤ Accidentology



Source: SECUR Project

Table 103: Top 9 categories combined with kind of road usage – List of scenarios

Ranking KSI	Category	Category	Total KSI	Passenger Car	Powered Two-Wheeler	Bicycle	Pedestrian	Other kind of participation
				KSI	KSI	KSI	KSI	KSI
1	Category 13	SCP-RD	735	233	40	248	214	0
2	Category 14	SCP-LD	575	179	29	167	194	6
3	Category 9	Oncoming	377	332	24	14	4	3
4	Category 1	LTAP-OD	301	123	87	56	34	1
5	Category 15	RE-PV	201	154	39	6	0	2
6	Category 21	LOC-CU	190	190	0	0	0	0
7	Category 4	LTAP-LD	188	86	82	20	0	0
8	Category 11	RE-FV	184	164	12	7	0	1
9	Category 20	LOC-SL	174	174	0	0	0	0



➤ International road safety (global worldview to show case VRU importance)

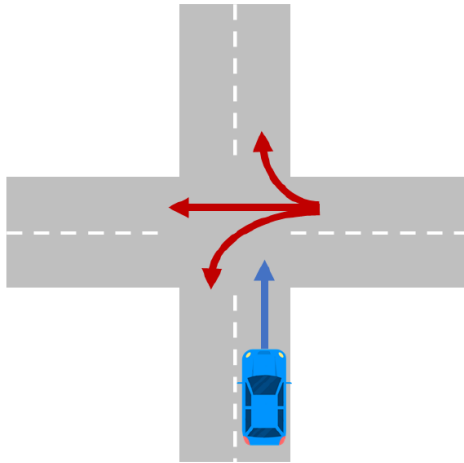


Figure 82: Pictogram – SCP-RD

## Straight Crossing Path – Right Direction

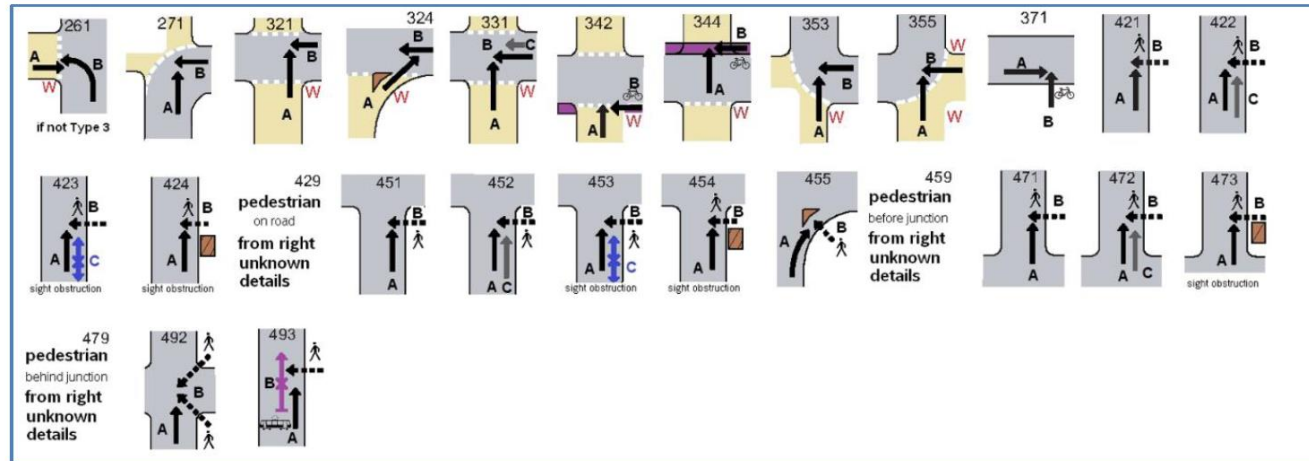


Figure 83: Accident types - participant A – SCP-RD

Source: SECUR Project



# Scenarios

Source: CMC  
 presentation by Mr Hennes Fischer  
 YAMAHA MOTOR EUROPE  
 N.V.Senior Adviser

**CMC 1.0**

- 1. Accident analysis with representative accident data from Germany 2016

n=28,002 accidents (Germany 2016)

- Which scenario groups address how many accidents?
- What is the proportion of the main accident causer?

**CMC 1.0**

- 2. Assessment of C-ITS application potential

C-ITS Definitions of 2017/2018

(Selection)  
 Combination of IMA, LTA, BSW/LCW, FCW, DNPW  
 n = 28,002 (100%) PTW accidents (Germany 2016)

Application: MAI & MAW, IMA, FCW, BSW/LCW, LTA, FCW, EEBL, HLN, IMA, BSW/LCW  
 Accident Causer: other, PTW, other, other, other, PTW, PTW, PTW, PTW

- What is the calculated potential of different C-ITS applications for PTW depending on the accident scenarios?
- Evaluation of the potential of 19 C-ITS applications

**CMC 2.0**

- 3. Updating the representative accident data from Germany to 2019

Accident causation in PTW accident scenarios

PTW accident scenarios

Accident causer = PTW (blue), Accident causer = other (green)

- Update to the latest accident data from Germany.

**CMC 2.0**

- 4. Definition of relevant use cases based on accident type

Crossing traffic - Top 5 accident types

n=5,252

- Which use cases frequently occur in the scenario groups?

**CMC 2.0**

- 5. Research module (RM) 1: GIDAS-Analysis

Location of the accident scene

Speeding - exceeding the permitted speed according to participant B

Influencing factors of overloading the response by participant A

- Why did the accident happen?

**CMC 2.0**

- 6. Research module (RM) 2: GIDAS-PCM Analysis

GIDAS-PCM Analysis

- What can a test scenario for this use case look like, based on reconstructed and simulated accident data?



**Topics covered so far:**

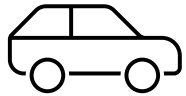
1. « VRUs accidentology Europe », Renault
2. “In depth accident studies involving motorcycles / Powered two wheelers in accidents with cars.”  
Connected Motorcycle Consortium
3. “Publication upon ‘Benefit evaluation of V2X-enhanced braking in view obstructed crossing use cases”, Bosch
4. “Coalition for Cyclist Safety based on V2X deployments”, Bosch
5. “Results from European SECURE and German IMAGInE Projects” UTAC
6. “VRU Standards promoted by China”, CAIT



Driver // Driving task  
 Info for the driver  
 Info for the system

## Navigation / Strategic

Vehicle // Sensor ODD



## Preparation // Anticipation//Calibration

Environment // Infra layout/ Sensor masking  
 elements/Interferences com masking

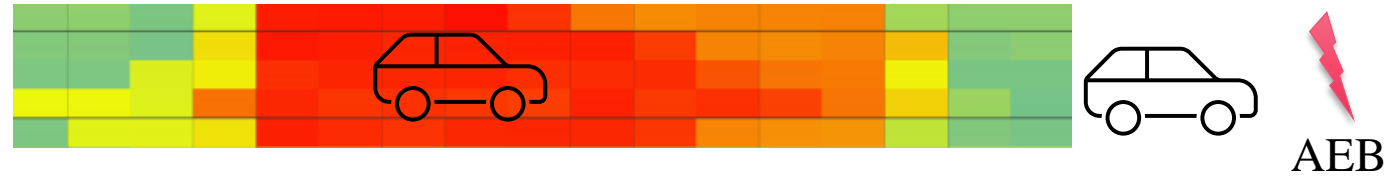
# Interaction with Emergency Break Warning

Action taken could also include any of (or combination of)

- Reduce speed action (brake, foot off accelerator, depress clutch, gear down)
- Abort lane change
- Abort acceleration
- Abort another maneuver
- Change lane

## Maneuvering / Tactical

## Control / Operational



## Prediction Dynamic map 2D Space (Rear/Front/Lat)

Driver // Driving task  
 Info for the driver  
 Info for the « system »

## Action

Driver // Driving task  
 Info for the driver  
 Info for the « system »

Communication // Range/availability//trust/prediction



**Many thanks to all participants of WG2 Meetings  
and thank you all!**

