



Department
for Transport

Regulating cyber and software

Dr Darren Handley





Content

- ▶ Addressing the cyber challenges
- ▶ The need for international action
- ▶ Developing regulation under the UNECE
- ▶ Future challenges



The cyber challenge



V



£££££££££

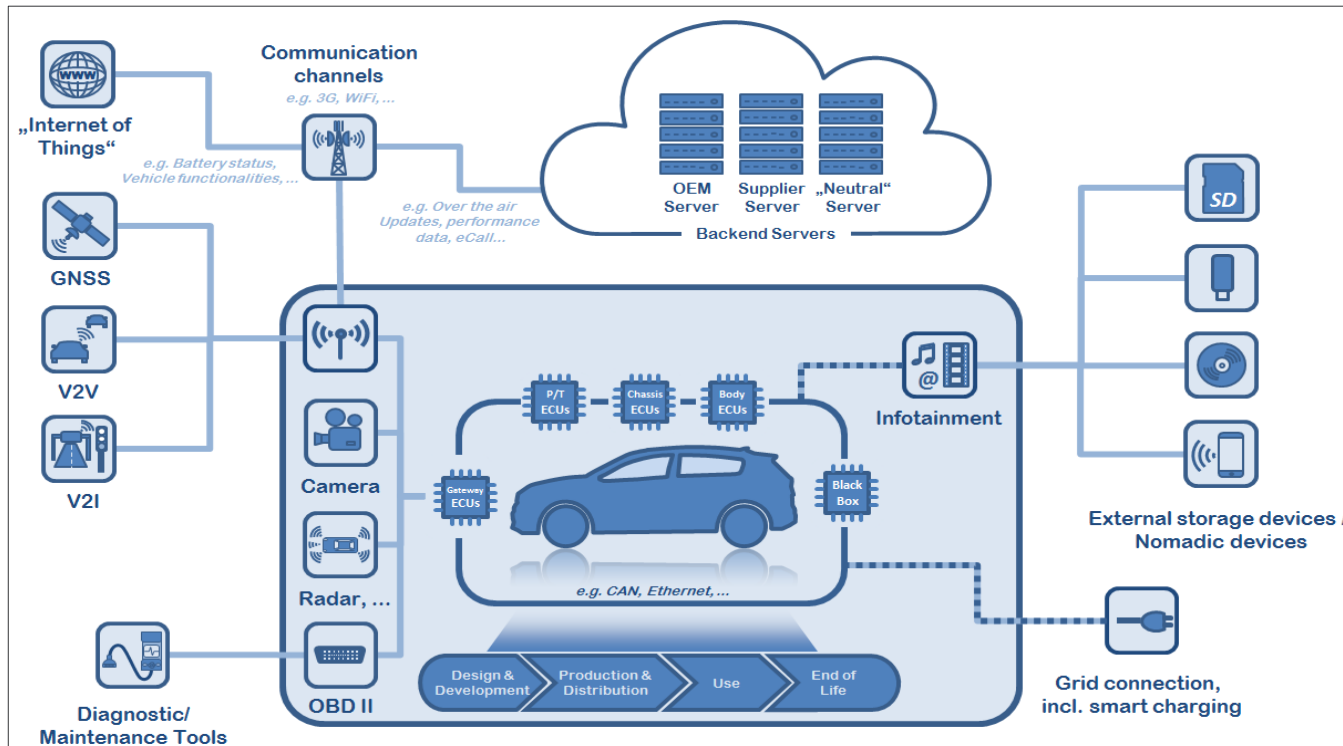


UNECE task force on cyber security and software updates

- ▶ The UK believes that regulatory action should be taken at the UN to harmonise the approach globally.
- ▶ The UK co-chair a task force with JPN and USA. Its aims are to:
 - ▶ Define requirements and legislation for addressing cyber threats
 - ▶ Define requirements and legislation for managing software updates, particularly with respect to maintaining safety type approvals
- ▶ Regulations R155 (cyber security) and R156 (software update processes)
 - ▶ Will ensure vehicle manufacturers can design secure vehicles and maintain them when in service
 - ▶ Came into force in Jan 2021
 - ▶ Has supplementary interpretation documents to further aid harmonisation

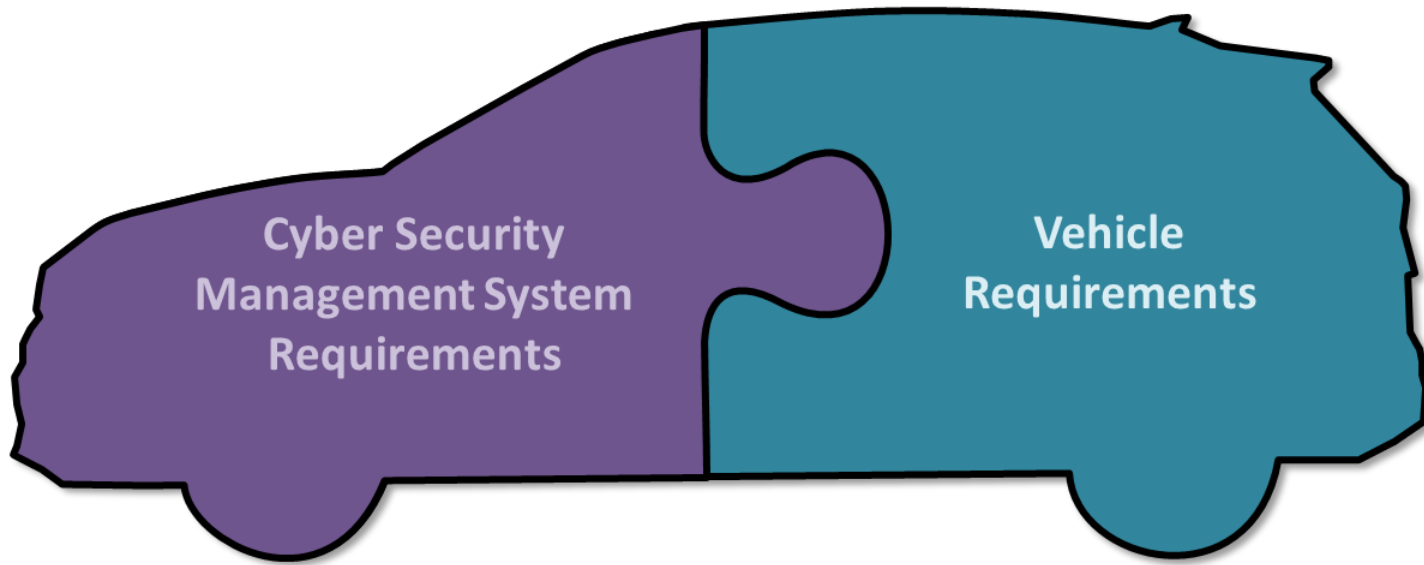


The vehicle ecosystem





R155, the cyber security regulation

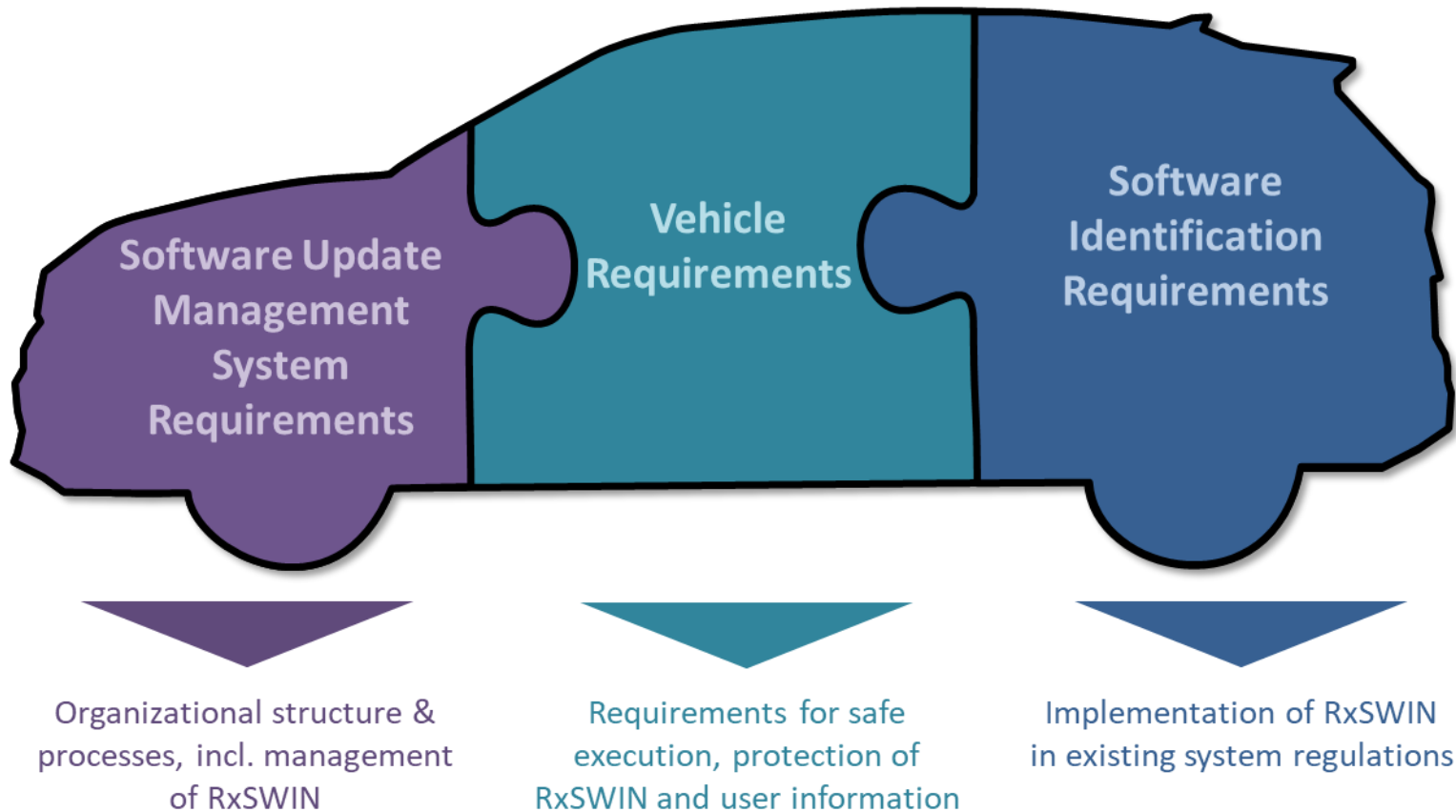


Organizational structure
& processes

Design of the vehicle architecture,
risk assessment and
implementation of mitigations



R156, the software update process regulation





Conclusions

- ▶ The regulations are based on the principle of risk-reduction not risk-elimination.
- ▶ They cover all levels of automation and all types of software updates
- ▶ Focus is on the vehicle but requires external risks to be considered and, where appropriate, mitigated in the vehicle design
- ▶ Software updates are here and having secure and verifiable processes for delivering them is key to their continued utilisation.



Questions...

